

Homestead, Florida

Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Report

June 30, 2022

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23255 SW 115 Ave Homestead, Florida 33032

2021-2022

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

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Bernardo Montero, President Suzette Ruiz, Vice-President



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Somerset Academy at Silver Palms Homestead, Florida

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Somerset Academy at Silver Palms (the "School"), a charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc. as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the School as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Somerset Academy, Inc. and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Emphasis of a Matter - Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 7 to the financial statements, in 2022, the School adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No, 87, *Leases*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Emphasis of a Matter - Presentation

As described in Note 1, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present only the financial position and change in financial position of that is attributable to the transactions of the School and is not intended to be a complete presentation of Somerset Academy, Inc. These financial statements do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Somerset Academy, Inc. as of June 30, 2022 and its changes in financial position for the year

then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 5 through 9 and 31 through 32 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 15, 2022 on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

All Grain, UP

Coral Gables, Florida September 15, 2022

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Somerset Academy at Silver Palms (A Charter school Under Somerset Academy, Inc.) June 30, 2022

The corporate officers of Somerset Academy at Silver Palms have prepared this narrative overview and analysis of the school's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Financial Highlights

- 1. The net position of the School at June 30, 2022 was \$6,593,760.
- 2. At year-end, the School had current assets on hand of \$4,663,475.
- 3. The School had an increase in its net position of \$361,142 for the year ended June 30, 2022.
- 4. The unassigned fund balance at year end was \$1,352,641.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the School's basic financial statements. The School's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022 are presented in accordance with GASB Codification Section 2200. The financial statements have three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the School's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The difference is reported as *net position*. Over time increases or decreases in net position may serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information on how the School's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event occurs without regard to the timing of related cash flows. Accordingly, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 10 - 11 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A "fund" is a collection of related accounts grouped to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities, projects, or objectives. The School like other state and local governments uses fund accounting to ensure and report compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

All of the funds of the School are governmental funds. *Government Funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Government Fund financial statements, however, focus on *near-term* inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on the balances of spendable resources which are available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be used to evaluate a government's requirements for near-term financing.

The Board of the School adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 12 - 15 of this report.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 16 - 30 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a charter school's financial position. In the case of the School, the net position was \$6,593,760 at the close of the fiscal year. A summary of the School's net position as of June 30, 2022 and 2021 follows:

	2022	2021
Cash	\$ 470,477	\$ 314,481
Investments	1,790,000	1,680,000
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	255,094	351,228
Due from other agencies	2,147,904	1,595,802
Due from Somerset Academy, Inc.	1,000,000	800,000
Capital assets and right of use asset, net	31,939,374	2,935,571
Total Assets	37,602,849	7,677,082
Deferred outflows of resources	-	-
Salaries and wages payable	757,503	736,921
Accounts payable	295,853	207,543
Lease liability and deferred rent	29,955,733	-
Due to Somerset Academy, Inc.		500,000
Total Liabilities	31,009,089	1,444,464
Deferred inflows of resources	-	-
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets and long-term receivable	2,983,641	3,235,571
Unrestricted	3,610,119	2,997,047
Total Net Position	\$ 6,593,760	\$ 6,232,618

At the end of both years, the School is able to report positive balances in its net position.

A summary and analysis of the School's revenues and expenses for the year ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 follows:

	2022	2021
REVENUES		
Program Revenues		
Operating Grants and Contributions	\$ 2,737,961	\$ 2,624,951
Capital Grants and Contributions	1,557,517	1,554,263
Lunch Program fees	86,590	33,912
Charges for Services	719,884	296,320
General Revenues		
Local Sources(FTE and other non specific)	14,120,144	14,056,463
Other Revenues	115,682	79,200
Total Revenues	\$ 19,337,778	\$18,645,109
EXPENSES		
Component Unit Activities:		
Instruction	\$ 8,607,234	\$ 7,968,399
Student support services	314,840	229,162
Instructional staff training	76,107	-
Board	88,020	74,263
General administration	36,717	-
School administration	1,516,421	1,554,729
Facilities acquisition	137,363	150,542
Fiscal services	290,700	309,370
Food services	848,822	581,829
Central services	377,789	395,953
Operation of plant	4,229,480	4,577,973
Maintenance of plant	486,073	437,475
Administrative technology services	159,741	102,398
Community services	273,221	151,864
Debt service	1,534,108	
Total Expenses	18,976,636	16,533,957
Increase in Net Position	361,142	2,111,152
Net Position at Beginning of Year	6,232,618	4,121,466
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 6,593,760	\$ 6,232,618

The School's revenue and expenses increased by \$692,669 and \$2,442,679, respectively due to an increase in enrollment.

School Location and Lease of Facility

The School leases two facilities. One facility is located at 23255 SW 115th Avenue, Homestead, FL 33032 and the other is located at 11455 SW 232 Street, Homestead, FL 33170.

Capital Improvement Requirements

The School maintains a continuous capital improvements program to enhance facilities and update fixtures and equipment as required.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUND

As noted earlier, the School uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the School's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School's financing needs. In particular, the *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Most of the School's operations are funded in the General Fund. The majority of the General Fund revenues are distributed to the School by the District through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which uses formulas to distribute state funds and an amount of local property taxes (i.e., required local effort) established each year by the Florida Legislature. At the end of the fiscal year, the School's governmental general fund reported ending fund balance of \$1,477,402. The fund balance unassigned and available for spending at the School's discretion is \$1,352,641. These funds will be available for the School's future ongoing operations.

Capital Assets

The School's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2022 amounts to \$2,692,434 (net of accumulated depreciation) and right of use lease asset (building) \$29,246,940 (net of accumulated amortization). This investment in capital assets includes right of use lease asset (building), improvements, and furniture, fixtures, and equipment. As of June 30, 2022, the School had long-term liabilities of \$29,955,733 associated to its capital assets.

New Accounting Pronouncements Adopted

As described in Note 6, the School adopted GASB Statement No, 87, *Leases*. The effect of the adoption was to capitalize a right of use asset (building) with a corresponding liability which is being amortized over the life of the underlying lease agreement. The overall impact on the financial statements was to record interest and amortization expense related to the underlying asset and liability which results in higher total expenses (compared to pre-adoption) during the early years of the lease agreement.

Governmental Fund Budget Analysis and Highlights

Prior to the start of the School's fiscal year, the Board of the Charter School adopted an annual budget. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

	Governmental Fund				
	Original				
	Budget	Final Budget	Actual		
REVENUES					
Program Revenues					
State capital outlay funding	\$ 1,557,850	\$ 1,557,850	\$ 1,557,517		
Federal sources	1,523,778	1,544,925	1,546,680		
Lunch program	745,500	747,644	748,746		
General Revenues					
FTE and other nonspecific revenues	14,275,040	14,106,522	14,120,144		
Charges and other revenues	778,981	820,594	835,566		
Total Revenues	\$ 18,881,149	\$ 18,777,535	\$ 18,808,653		
CURRENT EVRENDITURES					
CURRENT EXPENDITURES					
Component Unit Activities Instruction	\$ 8.768.484	\$ 8.476.255	\$ 8.379.947		
	+ -,,,	+ -,,	+ 0,0 ,		
Student support services	334,448	319,546	314,840		
Instructional staff training	79,952	78,191	76,107		
Board	93,781	88,815	87,570		
General administration	38,114	37,878	36,717		
School administration	1,565,941	1,517,950	1,515,473		
Fiscal services	295,125	292,884	290,700		
Food services	830,654	829,062	827,450		
Central services	379,125	378,090	377,789		
Operation of plant	2,077,109	2,072,824	2,056,911		
Maintenance of plant	475,000	423,523	410,647		
Administrative technology services	165,976	162,602	159,741		
Community services	285,982	276,388	273,221		
Total Current Expenditures	\$ 15,389,691	\$ 14,954,008	\$ 14,807,113		

Most variances occurred as a result of the Budget adopted being more conservative than actual results for the year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is intended to provide a general overview of the finances of the Charter School. Requests for additional information may be addressed to Ms. Ana Martinez at Academica Dade, LLC, 6340 Sunset Drive, Miami, Florida, 33143.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

Assets Current assets: Cash Investments Prepaid expenses and other current assets	Government Governmental Activities \$ 470,477 1,790,000 255,094 2,147,904 4,663,475
Current assets: Cash Investments Prepaid expenses and other current assets	Activities \$ 470,477 1,790,000 255,094 2,147,904
Current assets: Cash Investments Prepaid expenses and other current assets	\$ 470,477 1,790,000 255,094 2,147,904
Cash Investments Prepaid expenses and other current assets	1,790,000 255,094 2,147,904
Cash Investments Prepaid expenses and other current assets	1,790,000 255,094 2,147,904
Investments Prepaid expenses and other current assets	1,790,000 255,094 2,147,904
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	255,094 2,147,904
• •	2,147,904
Due from other agencies Total Current Assets	4,005,475
Total Cullent Assets	
Due from Somerset Academy, Inc.	1,000,000
Capital assets, depreciable	4,717,006
Less: accumulated depreciation	(2,024,572)
Right of use lease asset	31,336,006
Less: accumulated amortization	(2,089,066)
	31,939,374
Total Assets	37,602,849
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	
<u>Liabilities</u>	
Current liabilities:	
Salaries and wages payable	757,503
Accounts payable	295,853
Lease liability, current	1,513,178
Total Current Liabilities	2,566,534
Due to landlord	59,256
Lease liability	28,383,299
Total Liabilities	31,009,089
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>	
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets and long-term receivable	2,983,641
Unrestricted	3,610,119
Total Net Position	\$ 6,593,760

Statement of Activities
For the year ended June 30, 2022

		Program Revenues					
Primary Government FUNCTIONS	Expenses		rges for rvices	G	perating rants and ntributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Governmental activities:							
Instruction	\$ 8,607,234	\$	334,098	\$	2,037,929	\$ -	\$ (6,235,207)
Student support services	314,840		-		-	-	(314,840)
Instructional staff training	76,107		-		37,876	-	(38,231)
Board	88,020		-		-	-	(88,020)
General administration	36,717		-		-	-	(36,717)
School administration	1,516,421		-		-	-	(1,516,421)
Facilities acquisition	137,363		-		-	-	(137,363)
Fiscal services	290,700		-		=	-	(290,700)
Food services	848,822		86,590		662,156	-	(100,076)
Central services	377,789		-		-	-	(377,789)
Operation of plant	4,229,480		40,588		-	1,557,517	(2,631,375)
Maintenance of plant	486,073		-		-	-	(486,073)
Administrative technology services	159,741		-		-	-	(159,741)
Community services	273,221		385,786		=	-	112,565
Debt service	1,534,108				-		(1,534,108)
Total governmental activities	18,976,636		847,062		2,737,961	1,557,517	(13,834,096)
	General reven	ues:					
	FTE and other	nonsp	ecific reve	enues			14,120,144
	Investment ear	nings a	nd other re	evenue			75,094
	Change in net p	positio	n				361,142
	Net position, b	eginniı	ng				6,232,618
	Net position, e	nding					\$ 6,593,760

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

	General Fund		Special	C	apital	Total
						Governmental
		Re	venue Fund	Proje	ects Fund	Funds
Assets						
Cash	\$ 209,494	\$	260,983	\$	-	\$ 470,477
Investments	1,790,000		-		-	1,790,000
Due from other agencies	-		167,609		108,561	276,170
Due from fund	276,170		-		-	276,170
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	255,094		-		-	255,094
Total Assets	2,530,758		428,592		108,561	3,067,911
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
<u>Liabilities</u>						
Salaries and wages payable	757,503		-		-	757,503
Accounts payable	295,853		-		-	295,853
Due to fund	-		167,609		108,561	276,170
Total Liabilities	1,053,356		167,609		108,561	1,329,526
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Fund Balance						
Nonspendable, not in spendable form	124,761		_		_	124,761
Assigned	-		260,983		_	260,983
Unassigned	1,352,641		-		_	1,352,641
	1,477,402		260,983		_	1,738,385
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of			·			
Resources and Fund Balance	\$ 2,530,758	\$	428,592	\$	108,561	\$ 3,067,911

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

\$ 1,738,385

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and amortization used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund.

Capital assets, depreciable	4,717,006	
Less: accumulated depreciation	(2,024,572)	
Right of use lease asset	31,336,006	
Less: accumulated amortization	(2,089,066)	31,939,374

Receivables in governmental activities that are not collected within 60 days are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.

1,871,734

Long term debt in governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.

(29,955,733)

Long term receivables in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.

1,000,000

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities

\$ 6,593,760

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds For the year ended $\,$ June 30, 2022

	General Fund	Special	Capital	Total Governmental
		Revenue Fund	Projects Fund	Funds
Revenues:				
State capital outlay funding	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,557,517	\$ 1,557,517
State passed through local	14,120,144	-	-	14,120,144
Federal sources	-	1,546,680	-	1,546,680
Lunch program	-	748,746	-	748,746
Charges for services and other revenue	449,780	385,786		835,566
Total Revenues	14,569,924	2,681,212	1,557,517	18,808,653
Expenditures:				
Current				
Instruction	6,491,082	1,888,865	=	8,379,947
Student support services	314,840	-	-	314,840
Instructional staff training	38,231	37,876	-	76,107
Board	87,570	-	=	87,570
General administration	36,717	-	=	36,717
School administration	1,515,473	-	-	1,515,473
Fiscal services	290,700	-	=	290,700
Food services	-	827,450	=	827,450
Central services	377,789	· -	=	377,789
Operation of plant	2,056,911	-	=	2,056,911
Maintenance of plant	410,647	-	=	410,647
Administrative technology services	159,741	=	=	159,741
Community services	_	273,221		273,221
Capital Outlay:				
Right of use lease asset	_	-	31,336,006	31,336,006
Other capital outlay	154,148	149,064	-	303,212
Debt service:				
Redemption of Principal	-	-	1,439,529	1,439,529
Interest	-	-	1,534,108	1,534,108
Total Expenditures	11,933,849	3,176,476	34,309,643	49,419,968
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	2,636,075	(495,264)	(32,752,126)	(30,611,315)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in (out)	(1,964,693)	607,829	1,356,864	-
Increase in lease liability and deferred rent	-	=	31,395,262	31,395,262
Net change in long term advances	(700,000)			(700,000)
Net change in fund balance	(28,618)	112,565	-	83,947
Fund Balance at beginning of year	1,506,020	148,418		1,654,438
Fund Balance at end of year	\$ 1,477,402	\$ 260,983	\$ -	\$ 1,738,385

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the year ended June 30, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

\$ 83,947

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays, net of disposals, differs from depreciation and amortization expense.

Capital outlay expenditures	303,212
Right of use lease asset	31,336,006
Depreciation and amortization expense	(2,635,415)

29,003,803

Revenues are recognized using the full accrual basis of accounting in the government-wide statements. However, revenues are recognized when they are measurable and available in the governmental funds. These revenues did not meet the recognition criteria during the current year and, therefore, were not reported in the governmental funds.

529,125

Increase in long term debt is revenue in the governmental funds, but a decrease or repayment of such payables reduces liabilities in the statement of net position.

Long-term liabilities issued	(31,395,262)	
Principal payments on long-term debt	1,439,529	(29,955,733)

Increase in long term receivables is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but a decrease or collections of such receivables reduces long-term assets in the statement of net position. This is the amount by which increase in long-term receivables of \$0 differed from collections of \$300,000 in the current period.

700,000

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 361,142

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

Somerset Academy at Silver Palms (the "School"), is a charter school sponsored by the School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida (the "District"). The School's charter is held by Somerset Academy, Inc., a not-for-profit corporation organized pursuant to Chapter 617, Florida Statutes, Not-For-Profit Corporation Act. The governing body of the School is the board of directors of Somerset Academy, Inc., which is composed of five members and also governs other charter schools. The board of directors has determined that no component units exist that would require inclusion in the School's financial statements.

The general operating authority of the School is contained in Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes. The School operates under a charter granted by the sponsoring district, the School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida. The current charter expires on June 30, 2032 and it can be renewed in accordance with law. A charter can also be terminated before it date of expiration for reasons set forth in the charter and Section 1002.33 of the Florida Statutes.

The School is located in Miami, Florida for students from grades kindergarten through eighth and is funded by the District. These financial statements are for the year ended June 30, 2022, when average 1,938 students were enrolled for the school year.

Basis of Presentation

The School's accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as applicable to state and local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Accordingly, the basic financial statements include both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section of deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government – wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report information about the School as a whole. Any internal interfund activity has been eliminated from these financial statements. Both statements report only governmental activities as the School does not engage in any business type activities. These statements also do not include fiduciary funds.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services which report fees; (2) operating grants such as the National School Lunch Program, Federal grants, and other state allocations; and (3) capital grants specific to capital outlay. In addition, revenues not classified ad program revenues are shown ad general revenues, which include Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues, and other miscellaneous sources.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds. The operations of the funds are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, equity, revenues and expenditures. The School reports the following major governmental funds with all non-major funds aggregated in a single column:

General Fund - is the School's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the school, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Fund – accounts for specific revenues, such as federal funding, federal lunch program, and COVID-19 emergency relief funding that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes. Also, accounts for resources of the School's Internal Fund, which is used to administer monies collected in connection with school, student athletics, class, and club activities.

Capital Outlay Fund – accounts for state and local capital outlay as authorized by Charter School Capital Outlay, Section 1013.62, Florida Statutes mainly for capital outlay and maintenance purposes.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the School are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The School's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance*.

The government-wide statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. The School recognizes assets of non-exchange transactions in the period when the underlying transaction occurs, when an enforceable legal claim has arisen, or when all eligibility requirements are met.

Revenues are recognized, on the modified accrual basis, when they are measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions occur when the school provides (or receives) value to (from) another party without receiving (or giving) equal or nearly equal value in return. Most donations are examples of non-exchange transactions. Revenues from grants and donations are recognized on the accrual basis, in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements report using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The School considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues are recognized when received. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Charges for services and fees are recognized when cash is collected as amounts are not measurable. When grant terms provide that the expenditure of funds is the prime factor for determining eligibility for federal, state, and other grant funds, revenue is recognized at the time the expenditure is made. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for long-term debt principal and interest which are reported as expenditures in the year due.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

In compliance with Florida Statutes, the Board of Directors adopts an annual budget using the modified accrual basis of accounting. During the fiscal year, expenditures were controlled at the object level (e.g. salaries and benefits, purchased services, materials and supplies and capital outlay) within each activity (e.g. instruction, pupil personnel services and school administration). Revisions to the annual budget are approved by the Board.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Prepaid Expenses and Other Current Assets

Other assets consist mainly of prepaid expenses which are payments for goods or services that have not been consumed or used at year end. The expenditure will be recorded when the asset is used. Accordingly, prepaid expenses are equally offset by a nonspendable fund balance classification

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, nonmarketable time deposits with maturities of three months or less when purchased, and money market/savings accounts.

The School has not adopted a formal deposit and investment policy that limits the School's allowable deposits or investments and address specific types of risk; however the School invests excess deposit funds in a government money market mutual fund. The School follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools, GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, and other related standards which establish accounting and financial reporting standards for all investments (see Note 3). Money market investment that have maturities of one year or less from the date of acquisition are reported at amortized cost rather than fair value. Amortized cost closely approximates fair value.

Inter-fund Transfers

Inter-fund receivables/payables ("due from/to") are short-term balances that represent reimbursements between funds for payments made by one fund on behalf of another fund.

Due from Other Governments or Agencies

Amounts due to the School by other governments or agencies are for grants or programs under which the services have been provided by the School.

Capital Assets

The School's property, plant and equipment with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and comprehensively reported in the statement of net position in the government-wide financial statements. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. The School generally capitalizes assets with cost of \$1,000 or more. Building improvements, additions and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are disposed, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in operations.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Estimated useful lives, in years, for capital assets are as follows:

Building improvements 10-20 Years Furniture, fixtures, equipment and software 3-5 Years Right of use asset (building) 14 Years

Compensated Absences

The School grants a specific number of sick days. Full time instructional employees are eligible to one day per month to up to ten days of active work during the ten-month period (a "benefit year"). In the event that available time is not used by the end of the benefit year, employees may "rollover" all unused days for use in future benefit years. Employees may to "cash out" unused sick days however, the employees may only cash out if they have used three days or less of their sick leave in that benefit year. Employees may not cash out more than ten days per school year and are required to always maintain a minimum of twenty-one unused days The cash out value is eighty percent of their current daily rate. There is no termination payment for accumulated unused sick days.

GASB Codification Section C60, Accounting for Compensated Absences, provides that compensated absences that are contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee should be accounted for in the period those events take place. Accordingly, these financial statements do not include an accrual for sick days available to be used in future benefits years. The School also provides certain days to be used for specific personal matters such as family death and jury duty. Because the use of such days is contingent upon those events taking place and such events are out of the control of both the employer and the employee, there is no accrual for such days.

Revenue Sources

Revenues for current operations are received primarily from the State through the District pursuant to the funding provisions included in the School's charter. In accordance with the funding provisions of the charter and Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, the School will report the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the District. Under the provisions of Section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, the District reports the number of the full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the Florida Department of Education (FDOE) for funding through the FEFP. Funding for the School is adjusted during the year to reflect the revised calculations by the FDOE under the FEFP and the actual weighted full-time equivalent students reported by the School during the designated full-time equivalent student survey periods. After review and verification of FTE reports and supporting documentation, the FDOE may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of FEFP funding for prior year errors disclosed by its review as well as to prevent statewide allocations from exceeding the amount authorized by the Legislature. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions of revenue in the year the adjustment is made.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The School receives state funds through the District under charter school capital outlay funding pursuant to Section 1013.62, Florida Statutes. Funds are based on a capital outlay plan submitted to the District and are to be used for lease of school facilities. In addition, the School may receive a portion of the local capital improvement ad valorem tax revenues levied by the District. Finally, the School also receives Federal awards for the enhancement of various educational programs. Federal awards are generally received based on applications submitted to and approved by various granting agencies. For Federal awards in which a claim to these grant proceeds is based on incurring eligible expenditures, revenue is recognized to the extent that eligible expenditures have been incurred. Any excess amounts are recorded as deferred revenues until expended. Additionally, other revenues may be derived from various fundraising activities and certain other programs.

Net Position and Fund balance classifications

Government-wide financial statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three (3) components:

- a) Net investment in capital assets and long-term receivable consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and long-term receivable, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition or improvement of those assets.
- b) Restricted net position consists of balances with constraints placed on their use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- c) <u>Unrestricted net position</u> all other balances that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "Net investment in capital assets and long-term receivable."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for a specific purpose, it is the School's policy to use restricted resources first, until exhausted, before using unrestricted resources.

Fund financial statements

Under GASB Codification Section 1800.142, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. This Statement defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes. GASB requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories listed below:

a) Nonspendable - includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Consists of fund balance associated with prepaid expenses. All nonspendable fund balances pertain to assets not in spendable form.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

- b) <u>Restricted</u> fund balance category includes amounts that can cbe spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation. There are no restricted fund balances at year end.
- c) <u>Committed</u> fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School's Board of Directors. There are no committed fund balances at year end.
- d) <u>Assigned</u> fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School's management for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Assigned fund balances at year end pertain to the internal account.
- e) <u>Unassigned</u> portion of the fund balance that has not been restricted, committed or assigned for a specific purpose. This is the residual classification for the School's general fund.

Committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Long-Term Debt and Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term liabilities are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types report the face amount of debt issued as other financing sources.

Income Taxes

Somerset Academy, Inc. qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3), and is, therefore, exempt from income tax. Accordingly, no tax provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

New Accounting Standard Adopted

In fiscal year 2022, the School adopted a new statement of financial accounting standard issued by Governmental Accounting Standards Board: Statement No. 87 Leases. See Note 7.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

In fiscal year 2022, the School adopted GASB issued Statement No. 92, Omnibus. This Statement enhances comparability in accounting and financial reporting and improves the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. Certain requirements of this Statement are effective immediately and others for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. These changes were incorporated in the School's 2022 financial statements and had no effect.

Pronouncements Issued But Not Yet Effective

GASB has issued GASBS Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users. The School is currently evaluating the effect that implementation of the new standard will have on its financial statements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

Subsequent Events

In accordance with GASB Codification Section 2250.106, the School has evaluated subsequent events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through September 15, 2022, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 2 – Capital Assets

The following schedule provides a summary of changes in capital assets, acquired substantially with public funds, for the period ended June 30, 2022:

	Balance		Reclassifications /	Balance
	07/01/21	Additions	Retirements	06/30/22
Capital Assets:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 3,032,393	\$ 107,361	\$ -	\$ 3,139,754
Furniture, textbooks, equipment and fixtures	960,927	188,901	(76,168)	1,073,660
Audio visual	480,686	6,950	-	487,636
Motor vehicles	15,956		<u> </u>	15,956
Total Capital Assets	4,489,962	303,212	(76,168)	4,717,006
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	(866,077)	(270,795)	-	(1,136,872)
Furniture, textbooks, equipment and fixtures	(603,245)	(180,834)	76,168	(707,911)
Audio visual	(81,667)	(94,720)	-	(176,387)
Motor vehicles	(3,402)		<u> </u>	(3,402)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(1,554,391)	(546,349)	76,168	(2,024,572)
Capital Assets, net	\$ 2,935,571	\$ (243,137)	\$ -	\$ 2,692,434
Lease Assets:				
Right to use leased asset (building)	-	31,336,006	-	31,336,006
Less accumulated amortization:	-	(2,089,066)	-	(2,089,066)
Total Lease Assets being amortized, net	-	29,246,940	-	29,246,940
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$ 2,935,571	\$29,003,803	\$ -	\$ 31,939,374

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, depreciation and amortization expense is allocated in the Statement of Activities by function as follows:

	De	preciation	Amortization		
Instruction	\$	227,287	\$	-	
Board		450		-	
School administration		948		-	
Facilities acquisition		137,363		-	
Food service		21,372		-	
Operation of plant		83,503	2,089,066	6	
Maintenance of plant		75,426		-	
Total Expense	\$	546,349	\$ 2,089,060	6	

Note 3 – Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Deposits

The School maintains its cash and cash equivalents in two financial institutions. Deposits at FDIC-insured institutions are insured up to \$250,000 per depositor, per financial institution. The School is a charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc., which also operates various other charter schools. All bank accounts are opened under the account ownership of Somerset Academy, Inc., therefore, bank balances at times may potentially be in excess of FDIC coverage. As of June 30, 2022, bank balances in potential excess of FDIC coverage was approximately \$586,300.

Investments

The School follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in markets for identical assets: Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs (including quoted prices for similar investments, interest rates, credit risk, etc.); Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

At June 30, 2022, the School had \$2,180,000 invested in a governmental money market mutual fund that is exempt from GASB 72 fair value hierarchy disclosures. The governmental money market mutual fund values its portfolio securities at amortized cost which approximates fair value. The government money market mutual fund primarily invests in cash, high quality, short-term U.S. government securities and/or repurchase agreements that are collateralized fully by government securities that have been valued by the fund as Level 2. As of June 30, 2022, maturities of the fund's portfolio holdings are approximately 87% within 30 days.

Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of investments in a single issuer. The School manages its exposure to credit risk by limiting investments to highly rated government money market mutual funds. The fund is rated Aaa-mf by Moody's.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution or counterparty (Regions Bank) that is in possession of investment or collateral securities, the School will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the School will not be able to recover the value of investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At June 30, 2022, all of the School's investments in government money market mutual funds were held in a separate account and designated as assets of the School.

Note 3 – Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments (Continued)

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rate will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The School manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting all investments to government money market mutual funds that can be redeemed daily.

Note 4 – Education Services and Support Provider Agreement

Academica Dade, LLC, a professional education service and support provider, offers administrative services to the School including, but not limited to, facility design, staffing recommendations, human resource coordination, regulatory compliance, legal and corporate upkeep, maintenance of the books and records, bookkeeping, budgeting and financial reporting and virtual education services. The agreement calls for a fee on a per student basis. The agreement is with Somerset Academy, Inc. for a period of five years, through June 30, 2023, and unless terminated by the board shall be renewed along with any renewals to the charter agreement. During the year ended June 30, 2022, the School incurred approximately \$872,100 in fees of which approximately \$228,000 are included in accounts payable.

Note 5 – Transactions with other divisions of Somerset Academy, Inc.

The School's administrative staff and lunch program is shared with various schools. Revenues and expenses related to such program have been allocated based on FTE equivalent for purposes of presentation in the financial statements. Management allocates a proportionate share of salaries, lunch receipts, food and supplies, and other expenses to each school individually based on student enrollment and usage of facilities and staff.

The following summarizes long term payable activity during the year:

]	Balance					Bal	ance
	07/01/21		Advances		Payments		06/3	30/22
Somerset Academy Silver Palms at Princeton	\$	500,000	\$		\$	500,000	\$	
Total Long Term Payables	\$	500,000	\$		\$	500,000	\$	

The School also has a long-term receivable from other divisions of Somerset Academy, Inc.. The following summarizes the activity during the year.

	I	Balance				Bala	ince	
	07/01/21		Advances		Collections		06/30/22	
Somerset Academy Charter High	\$	300,000	\$	_	\$	300,000	\$	_
Somerset Academy, Inc.		500,000	50	00,000			1,00	0,000
Total Long Term Receivables	\$	800,000	\$ 50	00,000	\$	300,000	\$1,00	0,000

Note 5 – Transactions with other divisions of Somerset Academy, Inc.(Continued)

Somerset Academy, Inc. (the "Corporation") charges an assessment to all of its affiliated schools for shared corporate costs and accreditation expenses. During 2022, the School paid \$290,700 to the Corporation for these shared costs.

Note 6 – Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers in governmental funds as of June 30, 2022, consist of the following:

	General Fund		Special Revenue Fund		Capital
					Projects Fund
To fund lunch deficit	\$	(78,704)	\$	78,704	\$ -
To fund debt service payments in capital projects fund		(1,356,864)		-	1,356,864
To fund federal expenditures for which revenues were not available		(529,125)		529,125	
Total Transfers, net	\$	(1,964,693)	\$	607,829	\$ 1,356,864

Due from/due to fund balances are as follows:

	General Fund		Special			Capital
	Gei	lerai Fulid	Revenue Fund		Projects Fund	
Due to general fund from capital projects fund for capital outlay	\$	108,561	\$	=	\$	(108,561)
Due to general fund from special revenue fund for ESSER grants		167,609		(167,609)		
Total Due from/(Due to)	\$	276,170	\$	(167,609)	\$	(108,561)

Note 7 – Long Term Liabilities

The School entered into a lease and security agreement with Southwestern Grant, LLC (the "Landlord") for this 70,685 square feet building including all ancillary facilities, outdoor areas and other improvements. The Landlord is an affiliate of the School's educational service provider (See Note 4). Initial fixed annual payments under this agreement was amended during in 2016 are approximately \$1,565,994 adjusted annually based on the Consumer Price Index ("CPI") plus additional property costs including repairs, maintenance and insurance. The agreement continues through June 30, 2036 with an option to renew for two additional five-year term. Under the agreement, the School must meet certain covenants and requirements, including a "Lease Payment Coverage Ratio" of not less than 1.10 to 1.00.

Note 7 – Long Term Liabilities (Continued)

The School entered into a second lease and security agreement Southwestern Grant II, LLC (Phase II). This lease includes a 62,758 square feet building including all ancillary facilities, outdoor areas and other improvements. The Landlord is an affiliate of the School's education services and support provider. (See Note 4). Initial fixed annual payments under this agreement are approximately \$1,272,400 adjusted annually based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI) plus additional property costs including repairs, maintenance and insurance. The agreement continues through July 31, 2036 with an option to renew for two additional periods of five (5) years each. Under the agreement, the School must meet certain covenants and requirements, including a "Lease Payment Coverage Ratio" of not less than 1.10 to 1.00.

The School has implemented GASB Statement No. 87 Leases, and as a result recorded a lease right of use asset and liability in these financial statements. At the time of the initial measurement, there was no interest rate specified in the original lease agreement. The School has used an average effective interest for several borrowings during FY 2021 and 2022. The average borrowing rate was 5% which was used to discount the annual lease payments to recognize the intangible right to use this asset and the lease liability as of June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, interest expense totaled \$1,534,108, as it relates to its lease agreements. For 2022, variable and other costs related to the lease totaled 148,465.

Annual requirements to amortize the lease liability and related interest are as follows:

Year	Principal	Interest	Interest Total		_
2023	\$ 1,513,178	\$ 1,460,459	\$	2,973,637	
2024	1,590,596	1,383,043		2,973,639	
2025	1,671,973	1,301,664		2,973,637	
2026	1,757,515	1,216,123		2,973,638	
2027	1,847,432	1,126,205		2,973,637	
2028-2032	10,755,437	4,112,751		14,868,188	Total for a five year period
2033-2036	10,760,346	1,134,206		11,894,552	Total for a four year period
	\$ 29,896,477	\$ 11,734,451	\$	41,630,928	

Changes in long term lease liabilities during the year are as follows:

	Bala	ance			Balance
	07/01/21		Additions	Deletions	06/30/22
Lease liability SW I	\$	-	\$31,336,006	\$1,439,529	\$29,896,477
Deferred CPI adjustment			59,256		59,256
	\$	_	\$31,395,262	\$1,439,529	\$29,955,733

Somerset Academy at Silver Palms

(A charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc.) Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 8 – Commitments, Contingencies and Concentrations

Contingencies

The School receives substantially all of its funding from the District under the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which is based in part on a computation of the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students attending different instructional programs. The accuracy of FTE student data submitted by individual schools and used in the FEFP computations is subject to audit by the state and, if found to be in error, could result in refunds to the state or in decreases to future funding allocations. Additionally, the School participates in a number of federal, state and local grants which are subject to financial and compliance audits. It is the opinion of management that the amount of revenue, if any, which may be remitted back to the state due to errors in the FTE student data or the amount of grant expenditures which may be disallowed by grantor agencies would not be material to the financial position of the School.

Pursuant to the Charter School contract with the School District, the District withholds an administrative fee of 2% of the qualifying revenues of the School. For the year ended June 30, 2022, administrative fees withheld by the School District totaled \$36,717.

Note 9 – Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the School carries commercial insurance. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the past years. In addition, there were no reductions in insurance coverage from those in the prior year.

The School has entered into a strategic relationship with ADP TotalSource, Inc., a human resource management firm, typically known as "Professional Employer Organization" (PEO). Under a co-employment agreements, the PEO is the employer of record and is responsible for administering payroll, payroll taxes, provide employee benefits and assist with human resources and risk management. Accordingly, certain human resource related risks are transferred to the PEO. Nevertheless, the School may be subject to risks, including loss, penalties and fines related to employment practices, administrative error and omissions.

(A charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc.) Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 10 – Defined Contribution Retirement Plan

Post-retirement Benefits

The School's personnel, which are leased through ADP TotalSource Group, Inc., are eligible to participate in a defined contribution 401(k) plan sponsored by the leasing company, covering employees who meet certain age and tenure requirements. Under the ADP TotalSource Retirement Savings Plan (the "Plan"), the School approved a match of 100% of the employee's contribution up to 4% of the employee's compensation. The School contributed to the Plan \$245,199 for the year ended June 30, 2022 . The School does not exercise any control or fiduciary responsibility over the Plans' assets, which are administered by Voya Financial.



Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2022

			eneral Fund	nd				
	Orig	ginal Budget	F	inal Budget		Actual		
REVENUES		_		_		_		
State passed through local	\$	14,275,040	\$	14,106,522	\$	14,120,144		
Charges and other revenue		414,729		445,780		449,780		
Total Revenues		14,689,769		14,552,302		14,569,924		
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Instruction		6,802,943		6,523,278		6,491,082		
Student support services		334,448		319,546		314,840		
Instructional Staff Training		40,511		39,358		38,231		
Board		93,781		88,815		87,570		
General Administration		38,114		37,878		36,717		
School Administration		1,565,941		1,517,950		1,515,473		
Fiscal Services		295,125		292,884		290,700		
Central Services		379,125		378,090		377,789		
Operation of Plant		2,077,109		2,072,824		2,056,911		
Maintenance of Plant		475,000		423,523		410,647		
Administrative technology services		165,976		162,602		159,741		
Total Current Expenditures		12,268,073		11,856,748		11,779,701		
Excess of Revenues		_	•	_		_		
Over Current Expenditures		2,421,696		2,695,554		2,790,223		
Capital Outlay		_		155,210		154,148		
Total Expenditures		12,268,073		12,011,958		11,933,849		
Excess (deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures		2,421,696		2,540,344		2,636,075		
Other financing sources (uses):								
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in (out)		(1,994,940)		(1,936,729)		(1,964,693)		
Net change in long term advances		(1,224,240)		(700,000)		(700,000)		
Net change in long term advances				(700,000)	-	(700,000)		
Net change in fund balance		426,756		(96,385)		(28,618)		
Fund Balance at beginning of year		1,506,020		1,506,020		1,506,020		
Fund Balance at end of year	\$	1,932,776	\$	1,409,635	\$	1,477,402		

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2022

		,	l			
	Ori	ginal Budget	F	Final Budget		Actual
REVENUES						
State capital outlay funding						
Federal sources	\$	1,523,778	\$	1,544,925	\$	1,546,680
Lunch program		745,500		747,644		748,746
Charges for services and other revenue		364,252		374,814		385,786
Total Revenues		2,633,530		2,667,383		2,681,212
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Instruction		1,965,541		1,952,977		1,888,865
Instructional staff training		39,441		38,833		37,876
Food services		830,654		829,062		827,450
Community services		285,982		276,388		273,221
Total Current Expenditures		3,121,618	_	3,097,260		3,027,412
Excess of Revenues						
Over Current Expenditures		(488,088)		(429,877)		(346,200)
Capital Outlay		150,321		150,321		149,064
Total Expenditures		3,271,939		3,247,581		3,176,476
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		(638,409)		(580,198)		(495,264)
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in (out)		638,409		580,198		607,829
Net change in fund balance						112,565
Fund Balance at beginning of year		148,418		148,418		148,418
Fund Balance at end of year	\$	148,418	\$	148,418	\$	260,983

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors of Somerset Academy at Silver Palms Homestead, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Somerset Academy at Silver Palms (the "School") as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 15, 2022.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

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Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We issued a separate management letter dated September 15, 2022 pursuant to Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Purpose of this report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

All Grain, UP

Coral Gables, Florida September 15, 2022



MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the Board of Directors of Somerset Academy at Silver Palms Homestead, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of Somerset Academy at Silver Palms, Homestead, Florida, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022 and have issued our report thereon dated September 15, 2022.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards. Disclosures in those reports and schedules, which are dated September 15, 2022, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings or recommendations in the preceding audit report.

Official Title

Section 10.854(1)(e)5., Rules of the Auditor General, requires the name or official title of the entity and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education be disclosed in this management letter. The official title and school code assigned by the Florida Department of education of the entity is Somerset Academy at Silver Palms, 0332.

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Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.854(1)(e)2 and 10.855(11), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate whether or not Somerset Academy at Silver Palms has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that Somerset Academy at Silver Palms did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.854(1)(e)6.a and 10.855(12), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for Somerset Academy at Silver Palms. It is management's responsibility to monitor Somerset Academy at Silver Palms's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendation to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Transparency

Sections 10.854(1)(e)7 and 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to report the results of our determination as to whether Somerset Academy at Silver Palms maintains on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that Somerset Academy at Silver Palms maintained on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

Additional Matters

Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, School Board of Miami-Dade County, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Directors, and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

All Grain, UP

Coral Gables, Florida September 15, 2022